

# Nutrition policy status in Italy

## NOURISHING policy index



This country snapshot presents detailed results of the **NOURISHING policy index** [1] for Italy. It highlights strengths and weaknesses in the design of national government nutrition policies. This snapshot supplements the policy index results with an in-depth look at the quality of policy design in each country. Full policy index results are outlined in the NOURISHING policy brief, which compares Italy to 29 other European countries.

### Main messages

- 1 Italy implements nutrition and diet-related policy actions in seven out of the ten a policy areas in the NOURISHING framework. The only policy area which received a good assessment refers to limits on specific nutrients in food products (I1), followed by a moderate assessment for implementation of food based dietary guidelines (I2) and food standards in specific locations such as public institutions (O).
- 2 Strengthening of policy design is needed for nutrition label standards and regulations (N1) beyond EU regulations. Weaknesses are identified with regards to limitations on sugar-sweetened beverages in schools and regulations on food availability within the school vicinity (O) and food based dietary guidelines (I2).
- 3 No action was taken in relation to financial incentives to increase affordability and accessibility of healthier food or health-related food taxes (U), improving food system coherence with health (H) and rules for improving the retail environments (S). More action is needed on marketing to young people beyond broadcast advertising (R), offering nutrition counselling in health care settings (N2) and in all areas of nutrition education skills (G) with a particular focus in schools, which all three received a poor assessment.

### Overview of policy status

NO POLICIES IDENTIFIED	POOR	FAIR	MODERATE	GOOD	EXCELLENT
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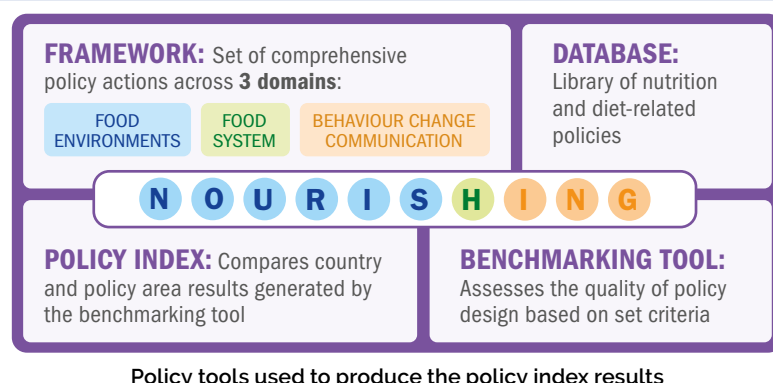
<b>N</b>	Nutrition label standards and regulations on the use of claims and implied claims on food	FAIR
<b>O</b>	Offer healthy food and set standards in public institutions and other specific settings	MODERATE
<b>U</b>	Use economic tools to address food affordability and purchase incentives	POOR
<b>R</b>	Restrict food advertising and other forms of commercial promotion	POOR
<b>I</b>	Improve nutritional quality of the whole food supply	GOOD
<b>S</b>	Set incentives and rules to create a healthy retail and food service environment	NO POLICIES IDENTIFIED
<b>H</b>	Harness supply chain and actions across sectors to ensure coherence with health	NO POLICIES IDENTIFIED
<b>I</b>	Inform people about food and nutrition through public awareness	MODERATE
<b>N</b>	Nutrition advice and counselling in healthcare settings	FAIR
<b>G</b>	Give nutrition education and skills	POOR

This snapshot is based on national level policies only. Policies issued by provincial, regional or local governments are outside the scope of this project.

### Methods

The NOURISHING policy index methods are fully explained in the associated **policy brief**. In short, the policy index combines values for a) policy presence, and b) policy design for 41 benchmarks.

The benchmarks are applied to policies in the **NOURISHING database** [2], collected through a comprehensive scan in 30 European countries, including Italy.



## Breakdown of policy index results

(For full details on the policy design criteria, consult the [policy brief](#))

No policy identified



Meets up to 25% of policy design



Meets up to 50% of policy design



Meets up to 75% of policy design



Meets up to 99% of policy design



Meets all aspirational standards

N	Nutrients on back of pack	
	Front of pack labels	
	Warning labels	
	Rules on nutrient claims	
	Rules on health claims	
O	Food and drink available in schools, including restrictions on unhealthy foods	
	Measures relating to sugar-sweetened beverage provision in schools	
	Fruit and vegetables initiatives in schools	
	Food and drink available in immediate vicinity of schools	
	Unhealthy food in out-of-education locations	
U	Health-related food taxes or tariffs	
	Income related subsidies or initiatives to increase affordability and accessibility of healthy food	
	Targeted subsidies or initiatives to increase affordability and accessibility of healthy food	
R	Marketing to young people through advertising	
	Direct marketing to young people	
	Marketing through sponsorship to young people	
	Marketing to young people through point of sale measures	
	Marketing to young people through product placement and branding	
	Marketing to young people through product design and packaging	
	Marketing in/or around schools	
I	Limit or removal of specific nutrients in food products	

S	Planning restrictions regarding food service outlets around schools	
	Planning restrictions on food service outlets	
	Initiatives to increase the availability of healthier food in stores and food service outlets	
H	Measures to support food producers to increase healthy food and decrease unhealthy food in the supply chain	
	Measures to support food manufacturers to increase healthy food and decrease unhealthy food in the supply chain	
	Measures to support food retailers to increase healthy food and decrease unhealthy food in the supply chain	
	Governance structures for multi-sectoral/stakeholder engagement	
	Nutrition standards for public procurement	
	Supporting urban agriculture in health and planning policies	
	Community food production	
I	Development and communication of food-based dietary guidelines	
	Public awareness, mass media and informational campaigns and social marketing on healthy eating	
N	Nutrition advice and counselling in primary care	
	Nutrition advice and counselling in school healthcare setting	
G	Nutrition education in curricula	
	Training for educators	
	Training for health professionals	
	Cooking skills	
	Training in schools in growing food	
	Training for caterers	

**Note:** The policy landscape in any country evolves over time. These findings reflect our knowledge as of May 2023. To see latest results and for further technical information on the policy indexes, please consult our website: [wcrf.org/our-policy-work](https://wcrf.org/our-policy-work). For feedback or suggested updates, please email [policy@wcrf.org](mailto:policy@wcrf.org). More info in the CO-CREATE project can be found at [co-create.eu](https://co-create.eu)

[1] Policy index: [wcrf.org/nutrition-policy-index](https://wcrf.org/nutrition-policy-index)[2] Policy database: [policydatabase.wcrf.org](https://policydatabase.wcrf.org)