Nutrition policy status in Romania

NOURISHING policy index



This country snapshot presents detailed results of the **NOURISHING policy index** [1] for Romania. It highlights strengths and weaknesses in the design of national government nutrition policies. This snapshot supplements the policy index results with an in-depth look at the quality of policy design in each country. Full policy index results are outlined in the NOURISHING policy brief, which compares Romania to 29 other European countries.

Main messages

- 1 Romania implements policy actions in eight out of the ten policy areas of the NOURISHING framework. The highest assessment achieved was a good assessment in public awareness on food and nutrition (I2), setting food standards in public institutions (O) and nutrition advice and counselling in healthcare settings (N2).
- 2 Strengthening policy design is needed for nutrition label standards (N1), which include only EU regulations. More needs to be done to improve the food and drink availability in schools, including limits on the provision of sugar-sweetened beverages and unhealthy food within the school vicinity (O). Important gaps and weaknesses were identified in the policy areas of food marketing and advertising to young people (R) and improving nutrition education and skills (G).
- 3 No action was taken with regards to creating a healthy retail and food service environment (S) and public food procurement (H). Government action needs to be taken on policies targeting food environment and systems, specifically financial incentives which increase the availability and affordability of healthy food or health-related food taxes (U), marketing restrictions to young people (R) and providing nutrition education and skills (G) to improve the assessments.

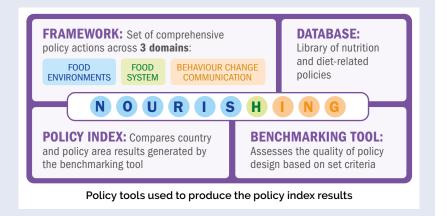
Overview of policy status	NO POLICIES IDENTIFIED	POOR	FAIR	MODERATE	GOOD	EXCELLENT	
Nutrition label standards and regulations on the use of claims and implied claims on food					FAIR		
Offer healthy food and set standards in public institutions and other specific settings					GOOD		
Use economic tools to address food affordability and purchase incentives					FAIR		
R Restrict food advertising a	Restrict food advertising and other forms of commercial promotion					POOR	
Improve nutritional quality of the whole food supply					MODERATE		
S Set incentives and rules to create a healthy retail and food service environment					NO POLICIES IDENTIFIED		
H Harness supply chain and actions across sectors to ensure coherence with health					NO POLICIES IDENTIFIED		
Inform people about food and nutrition through public awareness					GOOD		
Nutrition advice and counselling in healthcare settings					GOOD		
G Give nutrition education and skills					POOR		

This snapshot is based on national level policies only. Policies issued by provincial, regional or local governments are outside the scope of this project.

Methods

The NOURISHING policy index methods are fully explained in the associated **policy brief**. In short, the policy index combines values for a) policy presence, and b) policy design for 41 benchmarks.

The benchmarks are applied to policies in the **NOURISHING database** [2], collected through a comprehensive scan in 30 European countries, including Romania.



Breakdown of policy index results (For full details on the policy design criteria, consult the policy brief) No policy identified Meets up to 75% of policy design Meets up to 25% of policy design Meets up to 99% of policy design Meets up to 50% of policy design Meets all aspirational standards

	Nutrients on back of pack	
N	Front of pack labels	X
	Warning labels	×
	Rules on nutrient claims	
	Rules on health claims	
	Food and drink available in schools, including restrictions on unhealthy foods	
0	Measures relating to sugar-sweetened beverage provision in schools	
	Fruit and vegetables initiatives in schools	
	Food and drink available in immediate vicinity of schools	×
	Unhealthy food in out-of-education locations	
	Health-related food taxes or tariffs	
U	Income related subsidies or initiatives to increase affordability and accessibility of healthy food	×
	Targeted subsidies or initiatives to increase affordability and accessibility of healthy food	
R	Marketing to young people through advertising	
	Direct marketing to young people	
	Marketing through sponsorship to young people	×
	Marketing to young people through point of sale measures	×
	Marketing to young people through product placement and branding	×
	Marketing to young people through product design and packaging	×
	Marketing in/or around schools	×
	Limit or removal of specific nutrients in food products	

S	Planning restrictions regarding food service outlets around schools	×
	Planning restrictions on food service outlets	×
	Initiatives to increase the availability of healthier food in stores and food service outlets	×
H	Measures to support food producers to increase healthy food and decrease unhealthy food in the supply chain	×
	Measures to support food manufacturers to increase healthy food and decrease unhealthy food in the supply chain	×
	Measures to support food retailers to increase healthy food and decrease unhealthy food in the supply chain	×
	Governance structures for multi- sectoral/stakeholder engagement	×
	Nutrition standards for public procurement	×
	Supporting urban agriculture in health and planning policies	× × ×
	Community food production	X
	Development and communication of food-based dietary guidelines	
	Public awareness, mass media and informational campaigns and social marketing on healthy eating	
N	Nutrition advice and counselling in primary care	×
	Nutrition advice and counselling in school healthcare setting	
G	Nutrition education in curricula	
	Training for educators	X
	Training for health professionals	×
	Cooking skills	X
	Training in schools in growing food	×
	Training for caterers	X

Note: The policy landscape in any country evolves over time. These findings reflect our knowledge as of May 2023. To see latest results and for further technical information on the policy indexes, please consult our website: wcrf.org/our-policy-work.

For feedback or suggested updates, please email policy@wcrf.org. More info in the CO-CREATE project can be found at co-create.eu

[1] Policy index: wcrf.org/nutrition-policy-index

[2] Policy database: policydatabase.wcrf.org





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